



# Advanced carrier screening integrated with couple infertility genetics

**One test, four integrated clinical dimensions**

- Carrier screening
- Couple infertility genetics
- Probability of sperm retrieval in NOA
- Predisposition to embryonic aneuploidies

[www.carrieradvance.it](http://www.carrieradvance.it)



## CARRIERADVANCE



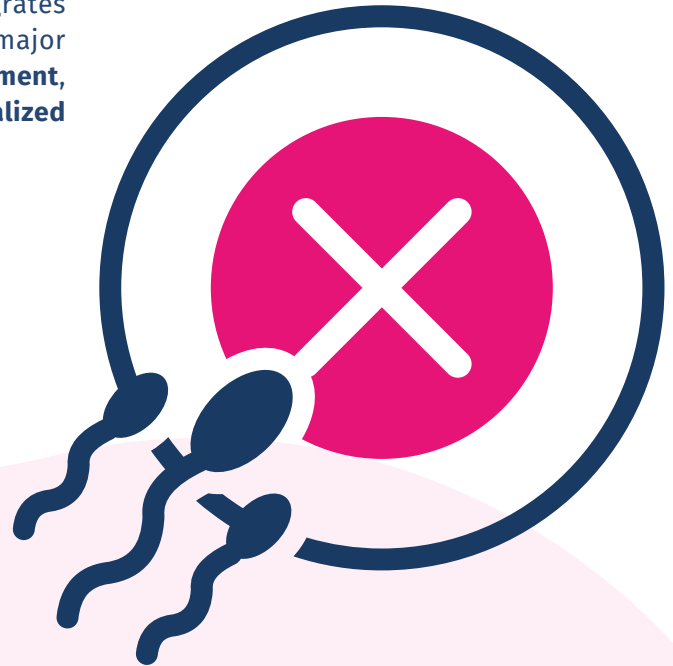
Exome Infertility



## CLINICAL RATIONALE

Couple infertility affects approximately **15%** of the reproductive-age population. Genetic causes account for a substantial proportion of cases (**10–15%** in male infertility; **8–10%** in female infertility), while a meaningful share—around **20%**—remains **idiopathic** even after a complete diagnostic work-up.<sup>1</sup>

In this context, having a single platform that integrates **carrier screening** and **infertility genetics** represents a major step forward, enabling **optimized etiological assessment**, stronger **reproductive counseling**, and **more personalized assisted reproduction (ART) pathways**.



<sup>1</sup> Registro Nazionale PMA – Istituto Superiore di Sanità, Infertilità e tecniche di PMA, aggiornamento 09/03/2018.

## FOUR CLINICAL DIMENSIONS IN A SINGLE ANALYSIS

**CARRIERADVANCE Exome Infertility** è is a genetic test designed for couples with reproductive difficulties who are planning a pregnancy through ART.

The test integrates, in one analysis, **four high-impact clinical areas**:

1

### Expanded Carrier Screening

#### *Clinical Exome Sequencing:*

- **Clinical exome** sequencing of **7,000+ genes** associated with Mendelian disorders.
- Identification of the risk of transmitting genetic conditions to offspring, often **in the absence of a family history**.

2

### Couple Infertility Genetics

- Diagnostic assessment of the main **genetic causes** of male and female infertility;
- Support in developing **personalized clinical strategies**.

3

### TESE Prognosis in NOA

- Estimation of the likelihood of sperm retrieval in patients with **non-obstructive azoospermia (NOA)**.
- Prognostic stratification **TESE+/TESE-** to support targeted clinical decisions.

4

### Predisposition to Embryonic Aneuploidy

- Assessment of the risk of **meiotic** and **post-zygotic mitotic** errors.
- Useful in complex clinical scenarios (e.g., repeated implantation failure, recurrent pregnancy loss).



## EXPANDED CARRIER SCREENING: 7,000+ GENETIC DISORDERS

**CARRIERADVANCE Exome Fertility** is among the most comprehensive **carrier screening** solutions currently available. Using **Clinical Exome Sequencing**, it analyzes the entire coding region of approximately **7,000 genes** associated with Mendelian disorders. The test identifies couples at risk of transmitting genetic diseases, frequently even in the absence of a family history.

### Key elements for counseling

- ! Most carriers are clinically **asymptomatic** and often **unaware** of their carrier status.
- ! **Autosomal recessive inheritance:** if both partners carry pathogenic variants in the same gene, the risk of having an affected child is **25% per pregnancy**.
- ! **X-linked inheritance:** if the woman is a carrier, each male child has a **50%** risk of being affected.
- ! **Couple-based testing** maximizes clinical relevance and supports informed reproductive decisions (PGT-M, prenatal diagnosis, family counseling).



## COUPLE INFERTILITY GENETICS

**CARRIERADVANCE Exome Infertility** enables an integrated assessment of the main genetic conditions associated with male and female infertility, helping reduce the proportion of **idiopathic** infertility and guiding therapeutic strategy.

### Female infertility

- > Primary ovarian insufficiency (POI)
- > Gonadal dysgenesis and ovarian dysfunction
- > Oocyte maturation defects
- > Oocyte aneuploidy / embryonic lethality
- > Recurrent pregnancy loss (monogenic causes)

### Male infertility

- > Non-obstructive azoospermia (NOA)
- > Severe asthenozoospermia
- > Sperm morphological defects
- > Genetically determined spermatogenic failure

**Clinical value:** support for etiological diagnosis, reproductive risk stratification, and definition of personalized pathways (ART, targeted PGT-M when indicated, family counseling).



## NOA AND PROGNOSTIC TESE STRATIFICATION

**Non-obstructive azoospermia (NOA)** is the most severe form of male infertility (prevalence ~1% of the male population). In these patients, TESE/micro-TESE is often the only option to retrieve sperm usable for ICSI, with failure rates around **50%** in idiopathic cohorts. First-line genetic tests (karyotype, AZF microdeletions) provide limited prognostic value in most cases.

**CARRIER ADVANCE Exome Fertility** analyzes **200+ genes** involved in key spermatogenic processes, enabling:

- > Identification of the **molecular cause** of NOA/spermatogenic failure.
- > **Prognostic stratification of TESE outcome (probability of sperm retrieval)** based on genes with evidence for **TESE-/TESE+**.<sup>2</sup>

### TESE- (Unfavorable prognosis)

Pathogenic variants in genes consistently associated with **failed sperm retrieval**.

**Clinical Utility:** evaluate whether to avoid repeated invasive procedures with a poor risk/benefit ratio; redirect the couple toward alternative options.

### TESE+ (Retrieval possible)

Pathogenic variants in genes compatible with residual spermatogenesis.

**Clinical Utility:** TESE/micro-TESE may be justified. Success remains gene-dependent and influenced by phenotype/histology; overall andrological assessment remains decisive.

## PREDISPOSITION TO EMBRYONIC ANEUPLOIDY

Numerical chromosomal **aneuploidies** are a major cause of implantation failure and early miscarriage in ART. They may originate from:

- **Meiotic errors:** predominantly maternal, influenced by biological age with possible individual genetic modulation.
- **Post-zygotic mitotic errors:** resulting in mosaicism and complex chromosomal patterns.

**CARRIERADVANCE Exome Fertility** analyzes **13 genes** selected on the basis of current scientific evidence to identify individual predisposition to:

- **Meiotic aneuploidies** (segregation errors in meiosis I/II).
- **Post-zygotic mitotic errors** (mosaicism, multiple aneuploidies, complex patterns).

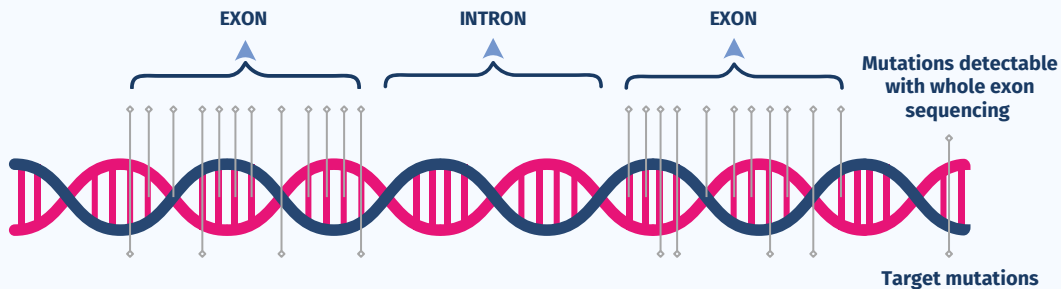
The test **does not diagnose** embryonic aneuploidy; it provides an **individual risk-stratification tool** to be integrated with clinical phenotype, laboratory data, and previous investigations.

## TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM



**CARRIERADVANCE Exome Fertility** is based on **Clinical Exome Sequencing** using state-of-the-art NGS technology, sequencing the entire coding region of **~7,000 genes**. The integrated **advanced bioinformatics pipeline** enables detection of **SNVs, indels, and CNVs** in the investigated regions.

**Advantage over targeted panels:** no predefined mutation set; detection of any variant within the sequenced regions.





## REPORT INTERPRETATION

### Carrier Screening & Infertility Genetics



**POSITIVE: one or more variants identified (pathogenic or VUS).**

Interpretation depends on the gene, inheritance mechanism, and clinical phenotype.

**NEGATIVE: no relevant variants identified.**  
Clinical decisions rely on comprehensive evaluation.

### TESE Prognosis / Aneuploidy Predisposition



**POSITIVE: pathogenic variant identified.**

- **NOA:** contributes to TESE+/TESE- prognostic stratification.
- **Aneuploidy:** may indicate increased predisposition (to be integrated with clinical data and PGT-A results).

**NEGATIVE: no variants detected in the analyzed genes.**

Does not fully exclude genetic risk (the test does not cover the entire genome).



## INDICATIONS FOR TESTING

The test is recommended in the presence of:

- **ART pregnancy planning** (preferred indication for the couple).
- **Idiopathic couple infertility.**
- **Donor conception:** genetic matching of donor/partner.
- Known or suspected **family history of genetic disease.**
- **Non-obstructive azoospermia (NOA):** pre-TESE evaluation and post-negative TESE assessment.
- **Repeated implantation failures** without apparent cause.
- **Recurrent miscarriage**, particularly with evidence of embryonic aneuploidy.
- **High proportion of aneuploid embryos at PGT-A**, especially if unexpected for maternal age.
- **PGT-A patterns suggestive of meiotic or mitotic errors** (*multiple aneuploidies, mosaicism*).

## A SIMPLE, STEP-BY-STEP WORKFLOW



**Kit  
request**



**Completion of kit  
documentation**



**Sample  
collection**



**Sample  
shipment**



**Report  
delivery**

**Turnaround time**



**20 days**

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